

- **Balanced Pressure Chambers**
- **Safe Against Pressure Surges**
- **Unbalanced Pressure Protection**
- **Accuracy Unaffected by Static Pressure Changes**
- **Calibrated to Read Both Rising and Falling Pressures**
- **Can be Calibrated to have a Center Zero Indicating Pointer**

Applications

Differential Pressure Gauges are used to monitor the difference in pressure between two points. They can be used to monitor the condition of filters as when filters become contaminated the flow through the filter hence the pressure across the filter becomes less. They can be used to monitor the condition of boilers and pumps as the less efficient they become the pressure drop across them increases. They can even be used to measure flow through pipes, orifice plates etc.

The instrument can be fitted with a 'maximum finger' mounted on the window. This red 'slave pointer' is driven round the dial by the indicating pointer and remains to indicate the maximum differential pressure reached if the indicating pointer drops back with reducing differential.

Specification

The two pressures are applied to either side of a spring diaphragm. The accuracy of these gauges does not vary with changes in line pressure because the two pressures act on opposite sides of the one element that has equal areas.

The diaphragm chamber is machined to restrict movement of the diaphragm under out-of-balance pressures greater than the maximum calibration of the gauge.

Chemical Protection

For aggressive chemicals both sides of the differential pressure gauges can be fitted with diaphragm seals which protect the gauges from chemical attack. (see page 12 for chemical compatibility charts)

Low Pressure Differential Pressure Gauges Type 95, 96 & 97

- 100 mm and 160 mm Diameter
- Maximum Pressure 400 mbar
- Out of balance Pressure 7 bar Max
- Accuracy 2% Full Scale Deflection
- All Metal Construction

Standard Calibrations

0 to 80 mbar or 0 to 30" H ₂ O	0 to 250 mbar or 0 to 100" H ₂ O
0 to 100 mbar or 0 to 160" H ₂ O	0 to 400 mbar or 0 to 160" H ₂ O
Maximum Line Pressure 7 bar (100 p.s.i.)	Maximum Line Pressure 34 bar (500 p.s.i.)

All ranges can be calibrated to have a center zero for reading in both directions.

For Higher Pressure ranges see page 17.

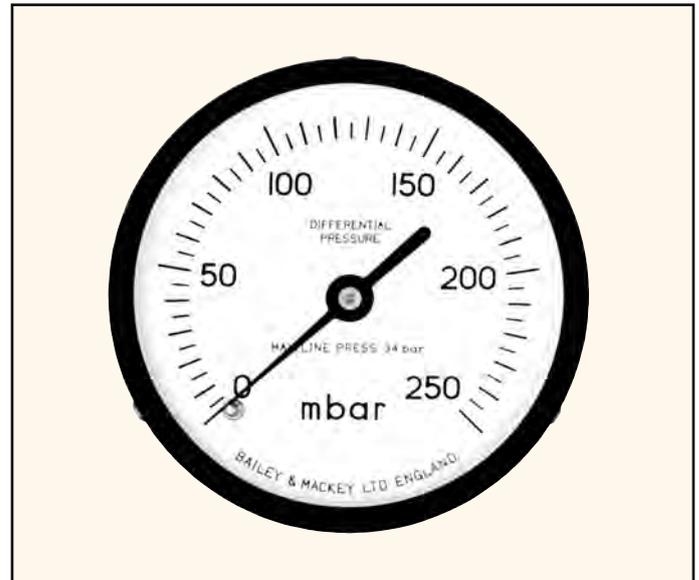
Special Dial Markings

Dials calibrated in other pressure units such as kN/m², MN/m², kPa, Kg/cm², cm water, meters of water, cm Hg, inches Hg etc single scale, dual scale or with square root markings can be supplied if required. An extra charge is made for special dial marking, dependent on the costs involved.

Overload

Dimensions of the diaphragm housing are such that the movement of the diaphragm is stopped when the pressure difference exceeds the full scale deflection. The gauge will accept the accidental application of up to 7 bar (100 p.s.i.) without damage except for a small calibration error. Under working conditions the pressure difference should not exceed the full scale value of the gauge. This overload should not preclude the installation of a balancing valve in all applications where differential pressure gauges are used (see page 23).

- ▶ Type 95 is Panel Mounting 3 Hole Fixing
- ▶ Type 96 is Panel Mounting Clamp Fixing
- ▶ Type 97 is Direct Mounting
- ▶ For Stainless Steel add a suffix S to the above part numbers (Type 96 & 97 only)



Materials of Construction

Wetted Parts.....	Brass with Beryllium Copper Diaphragm
Seals.....	Nitrile Rubber
Case 100mm dia ...	Mild Steel Black Enamelled
Case 160mm dia ...	Aluminium Black Enamelled
Bezel 100mm dia...	Mild Steel Black Enamelled
Bezel 160mm dia...	Black ABS Plastic

Alternatives Available

(above 250 mbar (100" H₂O))

Wetted Parts.....	Stainless Steel
Seals.....	Viton
Case & Bezel	Stainless Steel

Accuracy± 2% full scale deflection

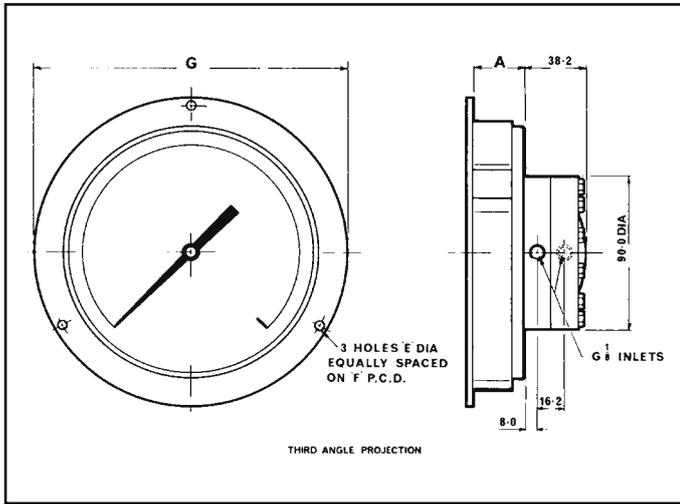
Temperature80°C Maximum
(a temperature coefficient of 2% over 30°C can be expected)

Applications

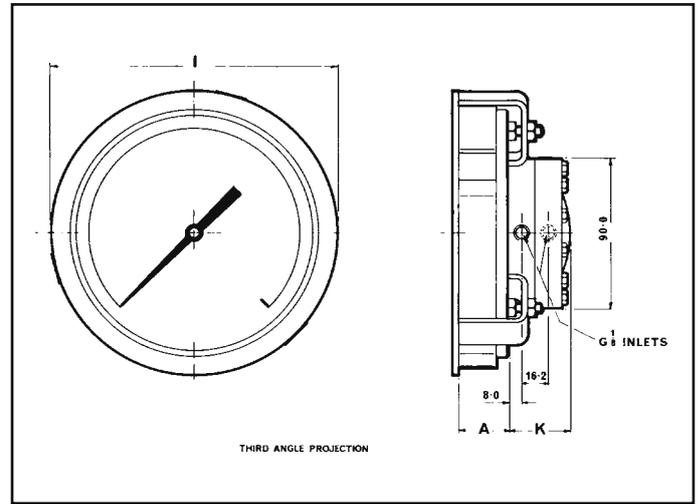
When these low pressure gauges are used on liquids both connections and the tapping points should be in one horizontal plane. If not, allowance should be made for differences in the height of liquid in the connecting pipes. Bleed ports can be provided at the highest point of the pressure chambers if required

Type 95, 96 & 97 Low Pressure Differential Pressure Gauges

Type 95 Panel Mounting 3 Hole Fixing



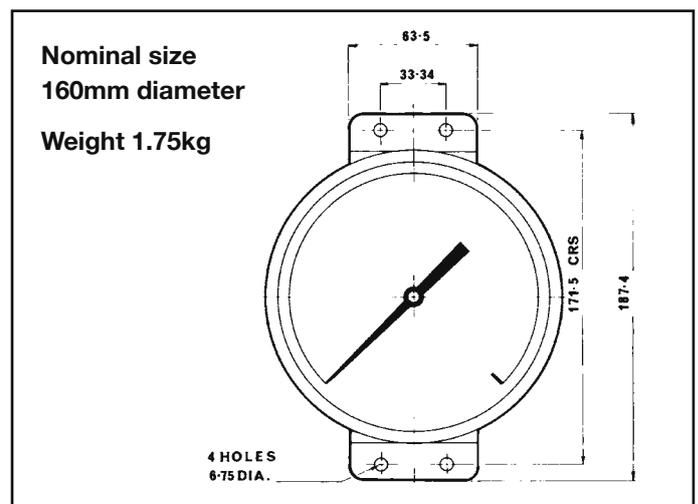
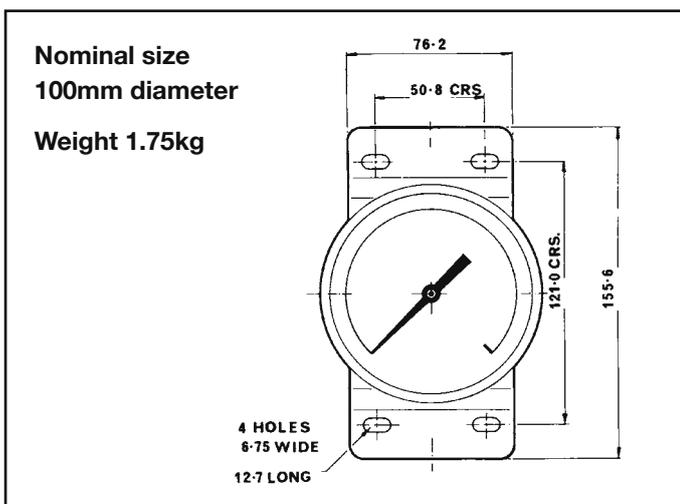
Type 96 Panel Mounting Clamp Fixing



Nominal Size	A	E	F	G	I	K	No of Clamps	Panel Cut-out	Weight
100mm	32.5mm	5.2mm	121mm	134mm	118.5mm	38.2mm	1	112mm	1.65kg
160mm	42.2mm	5.2mm	175mm	184mm	169mm	38.2mm	3	165mm	1.85kg

Pressure Connections are at 3 o'clock and 9 o'clock when viewed from the front of the gauge the high pressure port is on the left side of the gauge and the low pressure port is on the right side of the gauge

Type 97 Direct Mounting with optional wall fixing brackets attached



For Type 97 all other dimensions are as for Type 95 above except that the panel mounting bezel is replaced by a plain bezel.